



# 2023 Annual Security Report

## Murrieta Learning Center

October 2023



## Table of Contents

General Safety and Security .....	4
Safety at the Murrieta Learning Center .....	4
Policy for Preparing the Annual Security Report .....	4
Campus Security Personnel & Relationship with Local Law Enforcement .....	5
Campus Security Authorities .....	5
Reporting a Crime or Emergency .....	5
Confidential Reporting .....	6
Security of and Access to Campus Facilities .....	7
Safety and Access to the Murrieta Learning Center .....	8
Security Considerations in the Maintenance of Facilities .....	8
Educational Programs Related to Security Awareness and Prevention of Criminal Activity .....	8
Safety Awareness and Crime Prevention .....	9
Monitoring Off Campus Locations of Recognized Student Organizations .....	10
Disclosure of the Outcome of a Crime of Violence or Non-Forcible Sex Offense .....	10
Timely Warnings, Emergency Response, and Campus Alerts .....	11
Timely Warnings .....	11
Emergency Response .....	11
Reporting Emergencies .....	13
Methods for Issuing a Timely Warning and Emergency Notification .....	15
Testing & Documentation .....	15
Alcohol and Drug Policy .....	16
Alcohol and Drug Abuse .....	16





## General Safety and Security

### Safety at the Murrieta Learning Center

This report is provided in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act ("Clery Act"), as amended. It provides students and employees of University of Phoenix ("University" or "UOPX") with information on the University's security arrangements; safety and security policies and procedures; programs that provide education on such things as alcohol and drug abuse, awareness of various kinds of sex offenses, and the prevention of crime generally; and procedures the University will take to notify the campus community in the event of an emergency. Its purpose is to provide students and employees with information that will help them make informed decisions relating to their own safety and the safety of others. A well-informed campus community helps create a safety-conscious public.

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Education requires a safe environment for success. University of Phoenix is strongly committed to crime prevention and the safety of our members. Your cooperation is essential to minimize criminal activity and create a safer community for all.

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For a complete compilation of UOPX campus safety related policies, review the [Campus Safety Policies](#) (  
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you can feel safe and comfortable knowing that security procedures are in place that represent best







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The security and access features for the Murrieta Learning Center include:

- Access control to/within facilities
- Security cameras
- Intrusion alarm
- Duress button
- On-site duress notification // /
- Window blinds
- "No Weapons" signage
- On-site safety escort services, upon request
- Regular patrols of campus grounds conducted by security personnel

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A CSA and/or Campus Safety Coordinator ensures campus maintenance issues affecting safety or potentially enabling criminal activity are resolved. A CSA and/or Campus Safety Coordinator must notify the appropriate facilities manager and request prompt attention to the problem.

University facilities management personnel or its agents maintain and repair campus facilities. This includes repairs to defective doors and locking mechanisms. Exterior lighting is another important part of our commitment to campus safety. CSAs and/or Campus Safety Coordinators (and contracted security guards, where applicable) regularly check to ensure landscaping is not overgrown, pathways are well lit, and egress lighting is working in hallways and stairwells. Safety and security equipment such as alarms, video surveillance, and emergency call buttons are audited regularly by the Security Operations Center (SOC) to ensure that the equipment is functioning. We ask that you promptly report any problems or hazards you notice to a CSA, Campus Safety Coordinator, or the SOC.

### Educational Programs Related to Security Awareness and Prevention of Criminal Activity

UOPX seeks to enhance the security of its campus and the members of the campus community by periodically presenting educational programs to inform students and employees about campus security procedures and practices, to encourage students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others, and to inform them about the prevention of crimes. These programs are discussed below.

The Murrieta Learning Center sponsors up to four safety events annually, which are conducted during a time and at a location (i.e., classroom or virtual platform) to maximize participation from all students, faculty, and staff. A common theme of our safety events is developing campus members' awareness of their responsibility for their own safety and the safety of others while also focusing on increasing security alertness.







## Monitoring Off Campus Locations of Recognized Student Organizations

UOPX does not have any officially recognized student organizations with off campus (i.e., noncampus) locations and therefore does not monitor or record criminal conduct occurring at such locations.

## Disclosure of the Outcome of a Crime of Violence or Non-Forcible Sex Offense

Upon written request, the University will disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence (as that term is defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code), or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the University against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of the



## Timely Warnings, Emergency Response, and Campus Alerts

### Timely Warnings

In the event of any [Clery Act crime](#) occurring within the [Clery Act geography](#) of the Murrieta Learning Center which may pose a serious or ongoing threat to the campus community, the Clery Compliance Officer, with assistance from Corporate Security, the Security Operations Center (SOC), and designated Campus Safety Coordinator(s) may issue a campus-wide "timely warning." The purpose of a Timely Warning is to notify the campus community of an incident and to provide information that may enable community members to better protect themselves from similar incidents. An example that may merit a warning due to presenting a continuing threat includes a rash of motor vehicle thefts on-campus. Warnings will be communicated to students and employees via one or more of the methods discussed later in this section. Updates to the warnings will be provided as appropriate.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should immediately report the circumstances to:

Security Operations Center (SOC), (866) 992-3301

Sondra Burgoyne, Campus Academic Manager, (714) 371-1230

Jessica Flores, Clery Compliance Officer, (602) 412-9253

In the event of an emergency, call 9-1-1 first.

UOPX has communicated with local law enforcement asking them to notify the University if it receives reports or information warranting a timely warning.

### Emergency Response

The University's emergency response is designed to ensure there is a timely and effective response in the event of a significant emergency or dangerous situation occurring on campus involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of members of the campus community. Such situations include, but are not limited to fire/smoke/explosion, severe weather, hazardous material, earthquake/power outage, active shooter, disease outbreaks, bomb threats, etc. UOPX has communicated with local police requesting their cooperation in informing the University about situations reported to them that may warrant an emergency response to our campus community.

Students, employees, and visitors are encouraged to notify the Security Operations Center (SOC) at (866) 992-3301 or [SOC@phoenix.edu](mailto:SOC@phoenix.edu) of any emergency or potentially dangerous situation.

The Emergency Mass Notification (EMN) process includes emergency escalation procedures, mass notifications, and supporting systems. In an emergency, dangerous, or otherwise high-risk situation, the SOC will use this process without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification to students, faculty, and staff unless issuing the notification system will, in the professional judgment of the responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

The University has the flexibility to alert only a segment of the campus community that may be at risk. When there is at least the potential that a very large segment of the campus community would be affected by a situation, or when a situation threatens the operation of the campus as a whole, the entire



campus community will be notified. If, however, the risk is limited to a small area of the campus community, only those students, faculty, and staff associated with such an area will be notified (the SOC will continue assessment of the situation and additional segments of the campus community may be notified if the situation warrants such action). Further, depending on the segments of the campus the notification will target, the content of the notification may differ. When appropriate, the content of the notification will be determined in consultation with local authorities. As appropriate, the notification may give guidance as to whether its recipients should shelter in place or evacuate their location.

UOPX Corporate Security will direct the issuance of emergency notifications, which will be accomplished using one or more of the methods discussed later in this section, depending on the nature of the threat and the segment of the campus community being threatened.

Emergency notifications are issued when the SOC confirms with the Corporate Security department, local campus director, designated Campus Safety Coordinator, local authorities, or verified media source that there is a significant emergency or a dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of members of the campus community. The process used to confirm the existence of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involves multiple layers of information gathering and multiple people and departments. While confirmation does not necessarily mean all pertinent details are known or available, confirmation does include when internal individuals (i.e., local campus director and/or Campus Safety Coordinator), internal departments (i.e., Corporate Security and SOC), and



contact information on file will receive emergency notifications regardless of whether they chose to use the app as an additional tool.

The process to initiate the EMN system (AppArmor) is triggered as soon as the SOC receives notice of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students, faculty, and/or staff. Upon notification, the SOC will immediately perform the following functions:

- Use pre-templated messaging and EMN standard operating procedures to develop messaging content that can be used if an EMN is to be issued

- Recommend which campus community segments should receive notifications

- Initiate a notice to be sent out to the impacted campus community by the University's EMN system (AppArmor) based on the direction of Corporate Security, the Crisis Management Team, or SOC protocols

- Depending on the severity of the situation, notify the Crisis Management Team to convene and review the issue considering factors described in the next paragraph below

The SOC, in conjunction with the UOPX Crisis Management Team, is responsible for reviewing issues on a case-by-case basis, considering factors such as:

- The nature of the situation

- The continuing danger to the campus community

- The content of the notification

- The possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

- Those incidents that, in the judgment of the SOC, Corporate Security, or Crisis Management Team, warrant an EMN

If deemed necessary, at the direction of Corporate Security or the Crisis Management Team, the SOC will notify local law enforcement of the emergency if they are not already aware of it and, when appropriate, the UOPX Communications & Public Relations Department may relay further status information to local media outlets to ensure the larger community outside the campus will be aware of the emergency.

Individuals should immediately call emergency 9-1-1 for police assistance if they believe the situation warrants it. In addition to 9-1-1 involvement, incidents that may warrant contacting a CSA, Campus Safety Coordinator, or SOC are those posing a serious or continuous health or safety threat to the campus community such as dangerous or otherwise high-risk situations at the Murrieta Learning Center. Students, faculty, staff, and visitors are encouraged to report such situations in the following ways:

- Contact the SOC directly at (866) 992-3301, [SOC@phoenix.edu](mailto:SOC@phoenix.edu), or by initiating emergency/panic alarms available throughout the Murrieta Learning Center







## Alcohol and Drug Policy

University of Phoenix (UOPX) abides by federal Drug-Free Workplace Act and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act regulations as well as federal and state alcohol and drug laws. UOPX prohibits the use, sale, possession, or distribution of illicit alcohol and drugs on University Controlled Property<sup>2</sup> or at a UOPX function and complies with state underage drinking laws. (Note: the legal drinking age in the United States is 21 and over.)

Violations relating to our Student Code of Conduct, Faculty Code of Conduct, related employee alcohol and drug abuse prevention policies, and Code of Ethics are subject to disciplinary sanctions. Consequences UOPX may impose for inappropriate behavior can be severe, up to and including dismissal from the University. If an individual is found violating any alcohol or drug related law while on University Controlled Property or at a UOPX function, UOPX will fully cooperate with federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies, as appropriate.

## Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention Program

The University has established a program to prevent alcohol and drug abuse on campus. This program includes education, training, and enforcement of policies. The program is designed to create a safe and healthy learning environment for all students and employees.





Every local campus offers sexual assault awareness and prevention training annually to students, faculty, and staff. This program discusses how alcohol and drugs can be a contributing factor in sexual assault. Please contact the Campus Safety Coordinator for information on where and when this education event will occur. Students have direct access to this training from the Policy and Compliance link on MyPhoenix. UOPX also provides the following prevention and assistance resources.

**Student Resources:** UOPX offers substance abuse and various counseling services to all currently enrolled students via the Life Resource Center, directly accessible from the student [MyPhoenix](#) website. The Life Resource Center offers no-cost, confidential services available 24/7/365 by calling (844) 492-0546.

**Employee Resources:** UOPX provides an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) administered by Uprise Health as an employee benefit. All employees have access to the EAP whether they obtain other benefits through UOPX. Information about the EAP program is available at <https://uopx.uprisehealth.com/> (enter access code UOPX) or by calling (800) 395-1616. This benefit provides referral services and treatment sessions as needed. Calls and online inquiries are tracked by category. Employees enrolled in health care plans can obtain added substance abuse benefits, including outpatient and inpatient services, through providers contracted with their health care plan. UOPX also provides a mental wellness benefit, Ginger, for employees and their dependents age 13 and older. Ginger is an emotional support app that supplies emotional support at the right time, including confidential coaching via text-based chats, self-guided activities, and video-based therapy and psychiatry—all from the privacy of a smartphone. Ginger coaches are available 24/7 and work as a team to ensure personalized care when it's needed.

**National Resources:** We encourage...







## Alcohol and Drug State Laws

Category	Summary (California Code)
Possession of Marijuana	<p>It is legal for persons 21 years of age or older to smoke or ingest cannabis or cannabis products. Cal. Health &amp; Safety Code § 11362.1. It is legal for persons 21 years of age or older to possess, process, transport, purchase, obtain, or give away to persons 21 years of age or older without any compensation whatsoever, not more than 28.5 grams of cannabis not in the form of concentrated cannabis or not more than eight grams of cannabis in the form of concentrated cannabis, including as contained in cannabis products. <i>Id.</i></p> <p>Persons under 18 years of age who are found guilty of a first offense of possession of not more than 28.5 grams of cannabis, or not more than eight grams of concentrated cannabis, or both, will be required to complete four hours of drug education or counseling and up to 10 hours of community service over a period not to exceed 60 days. Cal. Health &amp; Safety Code § 11357. For a second offense or subsequent offense, persons under 18 years of age will be required to complete six hours of drug education or counseling and up to 20 hours of community service over a period not to exceed 90 days. <i>Id.</i> If the offender is at least 18 years of age but less than 21, a fine of not more than \$100 will be imposed. <i>Id.</i> If the offender is over 18 years of age and possesses more than 28.5 grams of cannabis, or more than eight grams of concentrated cannabis, or both, an imprisonment in a county jail for a period of not more than six months and/or a fine of not more than \$500 will be imposed. <i>Id.</i> As the quantity of cannabis increases, the crime classification becomes more severe and related penalties increase. <i>Id.</i></p>
Controlled Substances	<p>California statutes cover a wide range of offenses related to delivering, selling, furnishing, transferring, possessing, or manufacturing controlled substances formerly classified as "narcotics" and "restricted dangerous drugs." .</p>



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Category	Summary (California Code)
	the person is participating in an approved narcotic treatment program. <i>Id.</i> Violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. See Cal. Veh. Code § 40000.15. Punishment for a first offense is between 96 hours to 6 months imprisonment, with at least 48 continuous hours, as well as a fine of \$390 to \$1,000. See Cal. Veh. Code § 23536.



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## Policies, Procedures, and Programs Related to Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

UOPX, through its Equal Opportunity, Harassment, and Nondiscrimination Policy and consistent with applicable laws, prohibits sex and gender-based discrimination, harassment, and violence, including acts of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, which may also constitute crimes. While UOPX policy may use different standards and definitions than applicable state law, sex- and gender-based incidents often overlap with the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Acts of violence and harassment based on sex (sex or) TJr

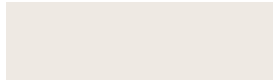


Crime Type (California Penal Code)	Definitions
Dating Violence	The institution has determined, based on good-faith research, that California law does not define the term dating violence.
Domestic Violence  / /	<p>"Domestic violence" is abuse perpetrated against any of the following persons: (a) A spouse or former spouse. (b) a cohabitant or former cohabitant, as defined in Section 6209. (c) A person with whom the respondent is having or has had a dating or engagement relationship. (d) A person with whom the respondent has had a child, where the presumption applies that the male parent is the father of the child of the female parent under the Uniform Parentage Act. (e) A child of a party or a child who is the subject of an action under the Uniform Parentage Act, where the presumption applies that the male parent is the father of the child to be protected. (f) Any other person related by consanguinity or affinity within the second degree. (Cal Fam. Code. § 6211).</p> <p>California law (Cal. Pen. Code §§ 242 &amp; 243(e)(1)) provides penalties for battery (i.e., any willful and unlawful use of force or violence against another) when it is committed against a spouse, a person with whom the defendant is cohabiting, a person who is the parent of the defendant's child, former spouse, fiancé, or fiancée, or a person with whom the defendant currently has, or has previously had, a dating or engagement relationship.</p> <p>Also, Cal. Pen. Code § 273.5 provides penalties for willful infliction of corporal injury:</p> <p>a.</p>



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Crime Type (California Penal Code)	Definitions
Rape, Fondling, Incest, Statutory Rape	<p>f. As used in subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d), "touches" means physical contact with the skin of another person whether accomplished directly or through the clothing of the person committing the offense.</p> <p>g. As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. "Intimate part" means the sexual organ, anus, groin, or buttocks of any person, and the breast of a female.</li> <li>2. "Sexual battery" does not include the crimes defined in Section 261 or 289.</li> <li>3. "Seriously disabled" means a person with severe physical or sensory disabilities.</li> <li>4. "Medically incapacitated" means a person who is incapacitated as a result of prescribed sedatives, anesthesia, or other medication.</li> <li>5. "Institutionalized" means a person who is located voluntarily or involuntarily in a hospital, medical treatment facility, nursing home, acute care facility, or mental hospital.</li> </ol> <p>"Minor" means a person under 18 years of age.</p> <p>For purposes of the Clery Act, the term "sexual assault" includes the offenses of rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape. These definitions under California law are as follows:</p> <p>Rape (Cal. Pen. Code § 261): (a) Rape is an act of sexual intercourse accomplished under any of the following circumstances:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If a person who is not the spouse of the person committing the act is incapable,</li> </ol>



Crime Type (California Penal Code)	Definitions
	<p>has the authority, as part of that position, to incarcerate, arrest, or deport another. The perpetrator does not actually have to be a public official.</p> <p>(b) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply: (1) "Duress" means a direct or implied threat of force, violence, danger, or retribution sufficient to coerce a reasonable person of ordinary susceptibilities to perform an act which otherwise would not have been performed, or acquiesce in an act to which one otherwise would not have submitted. The total circumstances, including the age of the victim, and the victim's relationship to the defendant, are factors to consider in appraising the existence of duress. (2) "Menace" means any threat, declaration, or act that shows an intention to inflict an injury upon another.</p> <p>Fondling: The institution has determined, based on good-faith research, that California law does not define the term fondling. California prosecutes such crimes as "sexual battery" under Cal. Penal Code § 243.4 (defined above).</p> <p>Incest (Cal. Pen. Code § 285): Persons being within the degrees of consanguinity within which marriages are declared by law to be incestuous and void, who intermarry with each other, or who being 14 years of age or older, commit fornication or adultery with each other, are punishable by imprisonment in the state prison.</p> <p>Statutory Rape: The institution has determined, based on good-faith research, that California law does not define the term statutory rape. California prosecutes such crimes as "Unlawful sexual intercourse with person under 18" under Cal. Penal Code § 261.5 (defined below).</p>
Other "sexual assault" crimes	<p>Other crimes under California law that may be classified as a "sexual assault" include the following:</p> <p>Unlawful sexual intercourse with person under 18 (Cal. Pen. Code § 261.5):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Unlawful sexual intercourse is an act of sexual intercourse accomplished with a person who is not the spouse of the perpetrator, if the person is a minor. For the purposes of this section, a "minor" is a person under the age of 18 years and an "adult" is a person who is at least 18 years of age.</li> <li>b. Any person who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor who is not more than three years older or three years younger than the perpetrator, is guilty of a misdemeanor.</li> <li>c. Any person who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor who is more than three years younger than the perpetrator is guilty of either a misdemeanor or felony, and shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170.</li> <li>d. Any person 21 years of age or older who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor who is under 16 years of age is guilty of either a misdemeanor or a felony, and shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 for two, three, or four years.</li> </ol> <p>Unlawful sexual intercourse, sexual penetration, oral copulation or sodomy; consent procured by false or fraudulent representation with intent to create fear (Cal. Pen. Code § 266c): Every person who induces any other person to engage in sexual intercourse, sexual penetration, oral copulation, or sodomy when his or her consent is procured by false or fraudulent representation or pretense that is made with the intent to create fear, and which does induce fear, and that would cause a reasonable person in like circumstances to act contrary to the person's free will, and does cause the victim to so act, is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year or in the state prison for two,</p>



Crime Type (California  
Penal Code)

Definitions

three, or four years. As used in this section, "fear" means the fear of physical injury or death to the person or to any relative of the person or member of the person's family.

Aggravated sexual assault of a child (Cal. Pen. Code § 269): Any person who commits any of the following acts [as defined by state law] upon a child who is under 14 years of age



resistance or submission resulting from the use or threat of force does not constitute consent. Consent is not given by a person's manner of dress or past sexual activity. A person's consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Consent cannot be given if a person is unable to understand the nature of the activity or give knowing



Try to remove yourself from the physical presence of an aggressor. Be as direct as possible about wanting to leave the environment.



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4. Where applicable, the rights of victims and the institution's responsibilities regarding orders of protection, no-





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Abused Deaf Women's Advocacy Services: <https://www.adwas.org>



The age of the individuals involved

The severity or pervasiveness of the allegations

Any continuing effects on the Complainant

Whether the Complainant and alleged perpetrator share the same class or job location

Whether other judicial measures have been taken to protect the Complainant (e.g., civil protection orders)

UOPX will maintain as private/confidential any accommodations or supportive/protective measures provided to the extent that maintaining such privacy/confidentiality would not impair the University's ability to provide them. However, there may be times when certain information must be disclosed to implement the accommodation or support/protection. For instance, resolution proceedings are private, and all persons present at any time during the resolution process are expected to maintain the privacy of the proceedings in accordance with University policy. While there is an expectation of privacy, the parties involved have discretion to share their own knowledge and evidence with others if they so choose. University decisions to disclose certain information will be made in light of the circumstances, and disclosures of this nature will be limited so that only the information necessary to implement the accommodation or support/protection is provided. In the event a disclosure is necessary, the University will inform the relevant party of that necessity prior to the disclosure, including which information will be shared, with whom it will be shared, and why.

Allegations of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking are subject to the University's Equal Opportunity Policy. University of Phoenix

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## Hate Crimes

Accounted for in this section are all the Clery-reportable crimes listed in the table above, within the University's Clery geography (on-campus, noncampus, and public property), as well as the crimes of larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/damage/vandalism of property when motivated by a perpetrator's bias against the victim. The categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

2022: No hate crimes reported.

2021: No hate crimes reported.

2020: No hate crimes reported.

## Unfounded Crimes Provided by Law Enforcement Agencies

Included in this section are the total number of crime reports for all Clery-reportable crimes that were "unfounded" and subsequently withheld from the University's crime statistics during each of the three most recent calendar years. The University may withhold, or subsequently remove, a reported crime from its crime statistics in the rare situation where sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel have fully investigated the reported crime and based on the results of this full investigation and evidence, have made a formal determination that the crime report is false or baseless and therefore "unfounded." Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may "unfound" a crime report.

2022: 0 unfounded crimes.

2021: 0 unfounded crimes.

2020: 0 unfounded crimes.

## Data from Law Enforcement Agencies

Certain law enforcement agencies did not comply with the University's request for crime statistics in 2020. The data above reflects statistics provided in 2021 from law enforcement agencies related to crimes that occurred on the University's Clery geography. The University was provided with some crime data in 2022 from law enforcement agencies for which it cannot be determined whether any of the statistics apply to or include the University's Clery geography.



## Definitions

### Clery Act Crimes

#### C

**Criminal Homicide – Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter** – The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another.

**Criminal Homicide – Manslaughter by Negligence** – The killing of another person through gross negligence.

**Sexual Assault – Sex Offenses<sup>3</sup>** – Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

/ Rape – / The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

Fondling – The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of their age or because of their temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest – Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape – Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.



Simple Assault – An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation – To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property – To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

The Clery Act recognizes eight categories of bias:

Race – A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical



or reasonably contiguous that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes.

**B**

Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

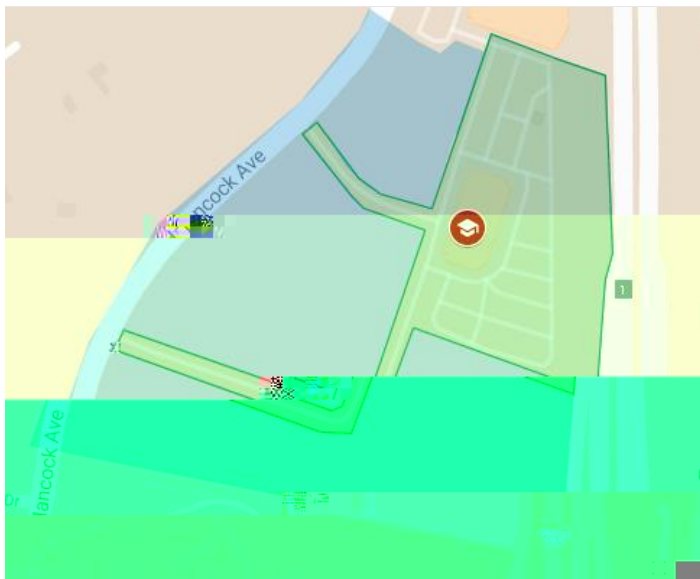
Note: The University does not have any officially recognized student organizations with off campus locations.

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All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

**A**

Legend: On-Campus, Public Property



Note: This location does not have a patrol jurisdiction.