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you can feel safe and comfortable knowing that security procedures are in place that represent best practices in the field and are constantly tested and re-evaluated for their effectiveness.

Campus Security Personnel & Relationship with Local Law Enforcement

UOPX has a centralized campus security department located at the Phoenix Main Campus that establishes policy, protection strategies, and response strategies. There is no extended jurisdiction beyond the on-campus and public property boundaries of the San Diego Campus (refer to the [University's Clery Act geography](#)). UOPX does not have an onsite police department. UOPX security personnel do not have the authority to make law enforcement arrests.

UOPX currently does not have any formal Memoranda of Understanding (MOU) between its local campuses and any law enforcement agencies (local or state). The San Diego Campus does not have a working relationship with any state law enforcement agencies; however, it works to maintain a close working relationship with the San Diego Police Department by reporting all incidents that occur on or around campus, assisting with investigations unrelated to UOPX, including evidence collection and sharing intelligence when disruptive and unlawful activities occur in the general vicinity of the San Diego Campus.

Campus Security Authorities

The University has designated certain officials to serve as Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) and/or Campus Safety Coordinators. All Campus Safety Coordinators are CSAs and located at every teaching location. Reports of criminal activity can be made to any of these officials. They, in turn, will ensure that the crimes are reported for collection as part of the University's annual report of crime statistics. The CSAs at and/or overseeing the San Diego Campus to whom UOPX prefers that crimes be reported are listed below.



3301, use the chat feature on the Phoenix Safe app, or email SOC@phoenix.edu. The SOC is available 24/7/365.

- o Staff are also encouraged to complete an [Online Incident Report Form](#)
- o Students, faculty, and staff are all encouraged to utilize the Phoenix Safe app. Phoenix Safe is a free mobile safety application, available for download in the Google Play and Apple Store marketplaces, which offers interactive life safety resources such as live chat with the SOC and push notifications of campus alerts.

Students, faculty, staff, and visitors should also report situations to one of the CSAs identified above. Once reported, the individual may also be encouraged to report the situation to the appropriate police agency. If requested, a UOPX staff member will assist in making the report to police.

- o You may request confidentiality or anonymity when making crime reports to law enforcement. The anonymous tip line for San Diego, CA is (888) 580-8477.

Anonymous incident reports can also be made by contacting the Ethics Helpline at (888) 310-9569 or by visiting the [Ethics Helpline](http://www.UOPXhelpline.com) at <http://www.UOPXhelpline.com>.

UOPX will protect the confidentiality of victims. Only those with a need to know the identity for purposes of investigating the crime, assisting the victim, or disciplining the perpetrator will know the victim's identity.

Pursuant to the University's [Equal Opportunity, Harassment, and Nondiscrimination Policy](#), when an employee becomes aware of alleged misconduct under that policy (including, but not limited to, dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking), the employee is responsible for reporting that information, including the identities of the parties, if known, to the Title IX Coordinator at (602) 557-1823 or TIXC@phoenix.edu. Victims or witnesses can report crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking on a voluntary and confidential basis by contacting the [Ethics Helpline](#) at (888) 310-9569 or <http://www.UOPXhelpline.com>.

A victim of other types of crimes (e.g., aggravated assault, burglary, etc.) who does not want to pursue action within the University's disciplinary system, or the criminal justice system, is encouraged to



The security and access features for the San Diego Campus include:

- Access control to/within facilities
- Security cameras
- Duress button
- On-site duress notification
- Window blinds
- "No Weapons" signage
- On-site safety escort services, upon request
- Regular patrols of campus grounds conducted by security personnel

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A CSA and/or Campus Safety Coordinator ensures campus maintenance issues affecting safety or potentially enabling criminal activity are resolved. A CSA and/or Campus Safety Coordinator must notify the appropriate facilities manager and request prompt attention to the problem.

University facilities management personnel or its agents maintain and repair campus facilities. This includes repairs to defective doors and locking mechanisms. Exterior lighting is another important part of our commitment to campus safety. CSAs and/or Campus Safety Coordinators (and contracted security guards, where applicable) regularly check to ensure landscaping is not overgrown, pathways are well lit, and egress lighting is working.



awareness and prevention, 3) training designed to help recognize mental health issues and respond appropriately, and 4) training on recognizing the signs of relationship abuse. Please contact your Campus Safety Coordinator for information on where and when these educational events will occur.

In addition to coordinating these safety events, the Campus Safety Coordinator makes a good-faith effort to inform new and existing personnel of security reporting procedures. Staff members who have regular interaction with the campus community are informed that students may approach them with crime-related incidents that need to be reported quickly to a CSA and/or Campus Safety Coordinator.

New employees are also required to complete the "Campus Safety: Awareness, Prevention, and Action" online course within 30 days of employment. In this online course, employees learn key information on environmental, medical, and criminal risks and about the role of CSAs and the necessity to report crimes.

Part of crime prevention is being alert to and aware of your immediate environment. Here are some important ways you can help keep yourself – and the San Diego Campus– more safe and secure:

Roll up windows and lock your car

Always take and keep your car keys with you

At night, travel in well-lit area(en-US)>> BDC q o2ic and secure:

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Monitoring Off Campus Locations of Recognized Student Organizations

UOPX does not have any officially recognized student organizations with off campus (i.e., noncampus) locations and therefore does not monitor or record criminal conduct occurring at such locations.

Disclosure of the Outcome of a Crime of Violence or Non-Forcible Sex Offense

Upon written request, the University will disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence (as that term is defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code), or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the University against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of the paragraph.

The previous paragraph does not apply to victims of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking because under the Violence Against Women Act both the accused and accuser in these cases are given the results without the need to make a written request.



Timely Warnings, Emergency Response, and Campus Alerts

Timely Warnings

In the event of any [Clery Act crime](#) occurring within the [Clery Act geography](#) of the San Diego Campus which may pose a serious or ongoing threat to the campus community, the Clery Compliance Officer, with assistance from Corporate Security, the Security Operations Center (SOC) and designated Campus Safety Coordinator(s) may issue a campus-wide "timely w

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campus community will be notified. If, however, the risk is limited to a small area of the campus community, only those students, faculty, and staff associated with such an area will be notified (the SOC will continue assessment of the situation and additional segments of the campus community may be notified if the situation warrants such action). Further, depending on the segments of the campus the notification will target, the content of the notification may differ. When appropriate, the content of the notification will be determined in consultation with local authorities. As appropriate, the notification may give guidance as to whether its recipients should shelter in place or evacuate their location.

UOPX Corporate Security will direct the issuance of emergency notifications, which will be accomplished using one or more of the methods discussed later in this section, depending on the nature of the threat and the segment of the campus community being threatened.

Emergency notifications are issued when the SOC confirms with the Corporate Security department, local campus director, designated Campus Safety Coordinator, local authorities, or verified media source that there is a significant emergency or a dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of members of the campus community. The process used to confirm the existence of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involves multiple layers of information gathering and multiple people and departments. While confirmation does not necessarily mean all pertinent details are known or available, confirmation does include when internal individuals (i.e., local campus director and/or Campus Safety Coordinator), internal departments (i.e., Corporate Security and SOC), and external sources (i.e., local authorities and/or verified media sources) have verified a legitimate emergency or dangerous situation exists. The processes for confirming such situations are coordinated by Corporate Security

San Diego Campus

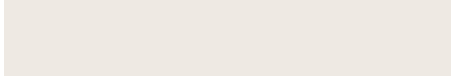
9645 Granite Ridge Dr.

San Diego, CA 92119



Methods for Issuing a Timely Warning and Emergency Notification

The method(s) listed below may be utilized when the University issues a timely warning or emergency notification to the campus community.





Every local campus offers sexual assault awareness and prevention training annually to students, faculty, and staff. This program discusses how alcohol and drugs can be a contributing factor in sexual assault. Please contact the Campus Safety Coordinator for information on where and when this education event will occur. Students have direct access to this training from the Policy and Compliance link on MyPhoenix. UOPX also provides the following prevention and assistance resources.

Student Resources: UOPX offers substance abuse and various counseling services to all currently enrolled students via the Life Resource Center, directly accessible from the student [MyPhoenix](#) website. The Life Resource Center offers no-cost, confidential services available 24/7/365 by calling (844) 492 - 0546.

Employee Resources: UOPX provides an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) administered by Uprise Health as an employee benefit. All employees have access to the EAP whether they obtain other benefits through UOPX. Information about the EAP program is available at <https://uopx.uprisehealth.com/> (enter access code UOPX) or by calling (800) 395-1616. This benefit provides referral services and treatment sessions as needed. Calls and online inquiries are tracked by category. Employees enrolled in health care plans can obtain added substance abuse benefits, including outpatient and inpatient services, through providers contracted with their health care plan. UOPX also provides a mental wellness benefit, Ginger, for employees and their dependents age 3 and older. Ginger is an emotional support app that supplies emotional support at the right time, including confidential coaching via text-based chats, self-guided activities, and video-based therapy and psychiatry—all from the privacy of a smartphone. Ginger coaches are available 24/7 and work as a team to ensure personalized care when it's needed.

National Resources: We encourage *anyone* dealing with substance abuse issues (not just our students and employees) to also contact national agencies for guidance and assistance in identifying a counseling, treatment, or rehabilitation program. You are not alone. Support is always available with confidentiality and discretion .

Al-Anon Family Groups (888) 4AL-ANON (425-2666) <https://al-anon.org/>

Alcoholics Anonymous <http://www.aa.org/>

Cocaine Anonymous <https://ca.org/>

Narcotics Anonymous <https://www.na.org/>

National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism <https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/>

National Institute on Drug Abuse (800) 662-HELP (662-4357) <https://nida.nih.gov/>

Recovered (855) 648-7228 <https://recovered.org/>

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)
<https://findtreatment.gov/>

Even if you do not want to speak with a counselor or referral service, you may also access the following free informational and educational videos to further educate yourself on alcohol and drug abuse:

<https://www.getsmartaboutdrugs.gov/>



<https://www.justthinktwice.gov/>

https://www.aa.org/pages/en_US/videos_-and-audios

<https://drugfree.org/>

<https://www.operationprevention.com/>

Additional Resources:

San Diego



Category	Summary (California Code)
	the person is participating in an approved narcotic treatment program. <i>Id.</i> Violation of these



Policies, Procedures, and Programs Related to Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

UOPX through its Equal Opportunity, Harassment, and Nondiscrimination Policy and consistent with applicable laws, prohibits sex and gender-based discrimination, harassment, and violence, including acts of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, which may also constitute crimes. While UOPX policy may use different standards and definitions than applicable state law, sex- and gender-based incidents often overlap with the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Acts of violence and harassment based on sex or gender, including sexual orientation, gender identity, and gender expression, may also constitute crimes. Sexual harassment, including dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, are forms of sex discrimination, which are prohibited under Title IX and UOPX policy. UOPX policies and procedures for filing, investigating, and resolving these types of complaints may be found in the procedures for



Crime Type (California Penal Code)	Definitions
Dating Violence	The institution has determined, based on good-faith research, that California law does not define the term dating violence.
Domestic Violence	"Domestic violence" is abuse perpetrated against any of the following persons: (a) A spouse or / / / /



San Diego



resistance or submission resulting from the use or threat of force does not constitute consent. Consent is not given by a person's manner of dress or past sexual activity. A person's consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Consent cannot be given if a person is unable to understand the nature of the activity or give knowing consent. Consent cannot be given if a person's ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition, if there is a significant age or perceived power differential, or due to the circumstances. Examples include, but are not limited to, being:

Asleep or unconscious,

Underage,

Frightened,

Physically or psychologically pressured or forced,

Intimidated,



hypersensitivity, cruelty to animals or children, “playful” use of force during sex, and Jekyll-and-Hyde personality.

The following warning signs and red flags of an abusive relationship may be helpful:

- Telling you that you can never do anything right

- Showing extreme jealousy of your friends and time spent away

- Keeping you or discouraging you from seeing friends or family members

- Insulting, demeaning, or shaming you with put-downs



In addition to reporting incidents to the appropriate authorities, below are some ways in which individuals can take safe and positive steps to prevent harm and intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking against another person.

Look out for those around you.

Realize that it is important to intervene to help others.

Treat everyone respectfully. Do not be hostile or an antagonist.

Create a distraction to interrupt the situation.

Be confident when intervening.



from discrimination including sexual harassment, dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Students are provided with contact and reporting information.

Employee Sexual Harassment Awareness Training and Title IX for Higher Education Training must be completed by all new employees upon hire (within 30 days). Once hired, all employees must complete Employee Sexual Harassment Awareness training on a biennial basis.

The Campus Safety: Awareness, Prevention, and Action online course is always available via MyLearning to staff and must be completed by all new staff upon hire (within 30 days). This course discusses key information on environmental, medical, and criminal risks.

Sexual Assault Awareness and Prevention Training is offered annually to students, faculty, and staff virtually and at UOPX locations. This training includes:

- o The definitions of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking, and consent, in reference to sexual activity
- o The University's stance that it prohibits the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking
- o Safe and positive options for bystander intervention (e.g., the three D's of active bystander intervention: direct, distract, delegate) and risk reduction
- o Resources for survivors



4. Where applicable, the rights of victims and the institution's responsibilities regarding orders of protection, no-contact orders, restraining orders, or similar lawful orders issued by a criminal, civil, or tribal court.

Victims of physical assault are advised to not remove clothing items worn during or following an assault, as they frequently contain valuable fiber, hair, and fluid evidence. Do not bathe or wash, or otherwise clean the environment in which the assault occurred. You can obtain a forensic examination at Palomar Health's Palomar Medical Center Poway, 15615 Pomerado Rd., Poway, CA 92064, (858) 613-4000. For more information on Palomar Health's forensic health services call (760) 739-2150 or visit <https://www.palomarhealth.org/forensic-health-services/sart>.

Completing a forensic examination does not require you to file a police report but having a forensic examination will help preserve evidence in case you decide at a later date to file a police report. Victims are also advised to retain evidence in electronic formats (e.g., text messages, emails, photos, social media posts, screenshots, etc.). Such evidence is valuable in all situations, and it may be the only type of evidence available in instances of stalking.

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Security Operations Center (SOC) 4035 S. Riverpoint Pkwy., Phoenix, AZ 85040 (866) 992-3301

San Diego Police Department, 1401 Broadway, San Diego, CA 92101, (619) 534-2000

- o To make a police report, a person should contact the local police agency listed above either by phone or in-person. As much information as possible should be provided, including name, address, and when and what occurred, to the best of the persons knowledge.

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UOPX does not issue orders of protection. Orders of protection, restraining orders, injunctions, or similar lawful orders may be obtained through the local court system and can be enforced by the University's security department. Any student or employee who has a protection order (order of protection) or no contact order should notify the Title IX Coordinator, a CSA and/or Campus Safety Coordinator, and the SOC and provide a copy of the order so that it may be kept on file with the institution and can be enforced, if necessary.

Although UOPX does not issue orders of protection, individuals may request that the University issue an administrative directive for no contact and/or a no trespass notice/persona non grata notice. Upon request, a determination will be made by the University whether to issue an administrative directive for no contact and/or a no trespass notice/persona non grata notice.

For information on how to obtain an order of protection in California, which provides protective relief for victims of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, visit <https://www.courts.ca.gov/1278.htm>.



Victims will be provided written notification about existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid, and other services available to them, both within the University and in the surrounding community. Those services include:

University Resources

Student Resources – The University offers various counseling services to all currently enrolled students via the Life Resource Center, directly accessible from the online student MyPhoenix website. The Life Resource Center offers free services that are confidential, available 24/7/365, accessible by calling (844) 492-0546.

Employee Resources – The University provides an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) administered by Uprise Health as an employee benefit. All employees have access to the EAP whether they obtain other benefits through UOPX. Information about the [EAP program](#) is available at all times at <https://uopx.uprisehealth.com/> (enter access code UOPX) or by calling (800) 395-1616. This benefit provides referral services and treatment sessions as needed. Calls and online inquiries are tracked by category. Employees enrolled in health care plans can obtain added substance abuse benefits, including outpatient and inpatient services through providers contracted with their health care plan. UOPX also provides a mental wellness benefit, Ginger, for employees and their dependents age 13 and older. Ginger is an emotional support app that supplies emotional support at the right time, including confidential coaching via text-based chats, self-guided activities, and video-based therapy and psychiatry—all from the privacy of a smartphone. Ginger coaches are available 24/7 and work as a team to ensure personalized care when it's needed.

Student Financial Aid – Sometimes a victim of a crime may feel the need to take a leave of absence from school. If a student is considering a leave of absence based on the circumstances of a complaint, they should understand there may be financial aid implications in taking such leave. This should be discussed with financial aid personnel, and the Title IX Coordinator can assist in facilitating this conversation if desired. Additional information on student financial aid is available at <http://www.1536000009120612792rev0.00009137A30ed>.



When determining the reasonableness of such a request, the following factors, among others, may be considered:

The specific need expressed by the Complainant

The age of the individuals involved

The severity or pervasiveness of the allegations

Any continuing effects on the Complainant

Whether the Complainant and alleged perpetrator share the same class or job location

Whether other judicial measures have been taken to protect the Complainant (e.g., civil protection orders)

UOPX will maintain as private/confidential any accommodations or supportive/protective measures provided to the extent that maintaining such privacy/confidentiality would not impair the University



When the Title IX Coordinator can resolve the matter by providing supportive/protective measures to remedy the situation.

Prior to implementing Informal Resolution, both parties will be provided with written notice of the reported misconduct and any sanctions or measures that may result from the resolution process.



advisor will be permitted to ask the other party and any witnesses all relevant questions and follow-up questions including those bearing on credibility. The decision maker(s) will issue a written determination of responsibility, a statement of any disciplinary sanctions and whether any remedies will be provided to the Complainant, and a description of the procedures and permissible grounds for appeal. The parties will be notified simultaneously of this determination in writing within three (3) days of it being made. The institution strives to complete investigations of this nature within ninety (90) calendar days.

Both parties have an equal opportunity to appeal the determination by filing a written appeal with the Title IX Coordinator within ten (10) days of the delivery of the Notice of Outcome. The non-appealing party will be notified of the appeal and permitted to submit a written statement in response. A three-member Appeal Panel will resolve the appeal within three (3) business days of receiving all relevant documentation. All decisions are by majority vote and apply the preponderance of the evidence standard.

1. A prompt, fair and impartial process from the initial investigation to the final result.
 - o A prompt, fair and impartial process is one that is:
 - Completed within reasonably prompt timeframes designated by the institution's policy, including a process that allows for the extension of timeframes for good cause, with written notice to the accuser and the accused of the delay and the reason for the delay.
 - Conducted in a manner that:
 - / g / Is consistent with the institution's policies and transparent to the accuser and the accused.
 - o Includes timely notice of meetings at which the accuser or accused, or both, may be present; and
 - o Provides timely access to the accuser, the accused and appropriate



- Restrictions on future teaching assignments
- Loss of teaching privileges altogether
- Other Actions – In addition to or in place of the above sanctions, the Decision-maker may assign any other sanctions as deemed appropriate

Staff and Full-Time Faculty

- Warning – Verbal or written
- Performance improvement/management process
- Required training or education
- Loss of oversight or supervisory responsibility
- Demotion
- Suspension with pay (dependent on situation)
- Suspension without pay (dependent on situation)
- Termination
- Other Actions – In addition to or in place of the above sanctions, the Decision-maker may assign any other sanctions as deemed appropriate

In addition, UOPX can make available a range of supportive/protective measures to the parties involved. The University may offer as appropriate to either or both the Complainant(s) and Respondent(s) involved after notice of alleged violation of the Equal Opportunity, Harassment, and Nondiscrimination Policy interim and supportive/protective measures which may include, but are not limited to, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, security escorts, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties involved, changes in work location, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas, counseling referrals, and other similar measures.

Publicly Available Recordkeeping

UOPX will complete any publicly available recordkeeping, including Clery Act reporting and disclosures, without the inclusion of personally identifiable information about victims of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking who make reports of such to the University to the extent permitted by law. Only those with a need to know the identity for purposes of investigating the crime, assisting the victim, or disciplining the perpetrator will know the victim's identity.

Victims to Receive Written Notification of Rights

When a student or employee reports to the University that they have been a victim of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether the offense occurred on or off campus, the University will provide the student or employee a written explanation of their rights and options and/or applicable resources as described in the paragraphs above.

Sex Offender Registration Program

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000 provides minimum national standards for state sex offender registration and community notification programs and requires institutions of higher education to advise members of the campus community where they can obtain information provided by the state concerning registered sex offenders. It also requires sex offenders to notify the state of each institution of higher education in the state at which they are employed or enrolled or carrying on a



vocation. The state is then required to notify the University of any such information it receives. Anyone interested in determining whether such persons are on this campus may do so by contacting the State of California Department of Justice Office of the Attorney General via email at meganslaw@doj.ca.gov. [State registry of sex offender information](#) may be accessed at the following link: <https://www.meganslaw.ca.gov/>.



Crime Statistics

Please refer to the [Definitions](#) section for Clery-reportable crime definitions and for Clery Act geography definitions. The statistical summary of crimes for the San Diego Campus over the past three calendar years follows:

Crime	Noncampus	
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Definitions

Clery Act Crimes

C

Criminal Homicide – Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter – **The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another.**

Criminal Homicide – Manslaughter by Negligence – **The killing of another person through gross negligence.**

Sexual Assault – Sex Offenses³ –

/ /



Simple Assault – An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation – To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property – To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

The Clery Act recognizes eight categories of bias:

Race – A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind.

Religion – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being.

Sexual Orientation – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation.

Gender – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender.

Gender Identity – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity.

Ethnicity – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry.

National Origin – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their actual or perceived country of birth.

Disability – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age, or illness.

C

Dating Violence – Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. For the purposes of this definition, dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Domestic Violence – A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; by a person with who the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; by a person/similarly situation to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of



or reasonably contiguous that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes.

B

Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

/